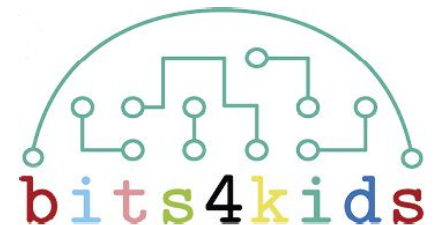


TUTORIAL CARDS



CODE'N'STITCH



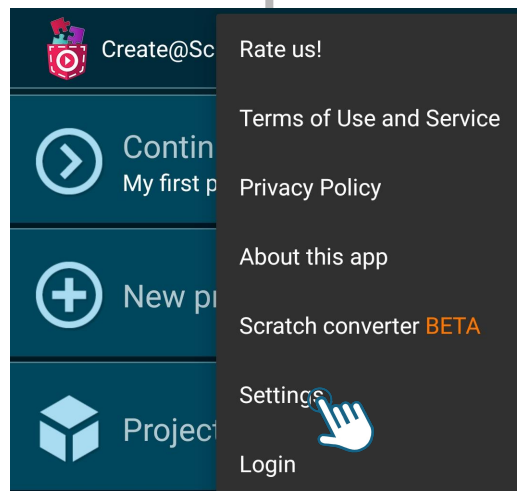
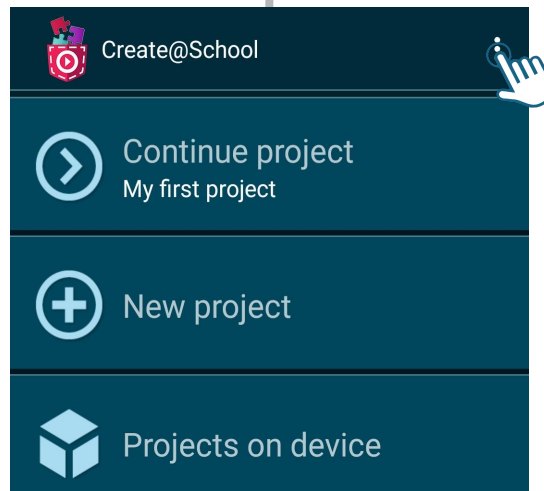
Activate Embroidery-Bricks

Embroidery >

BASIC

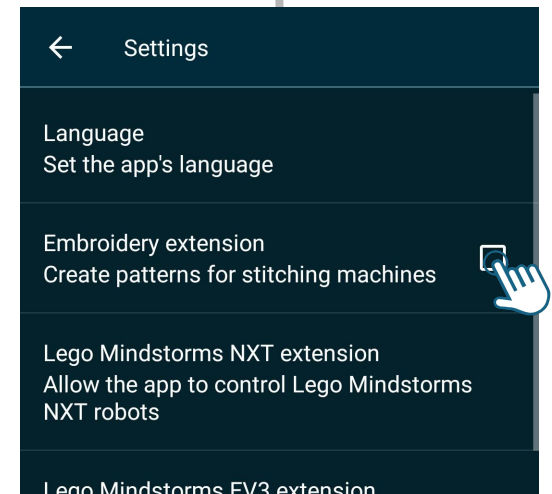
1

Start the "Create@School"-App.
Follow the clicks!



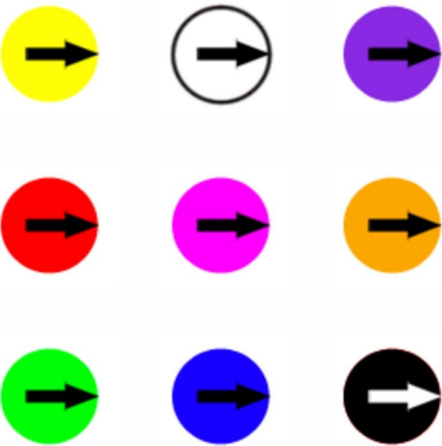
2

You will find the Embroidery-Bricks
as an own category within your
bricks!



Embroidery >

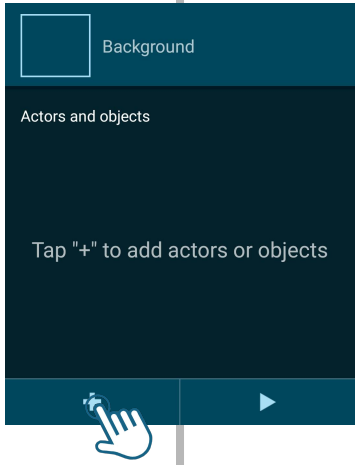
Create Embroidery-Objects



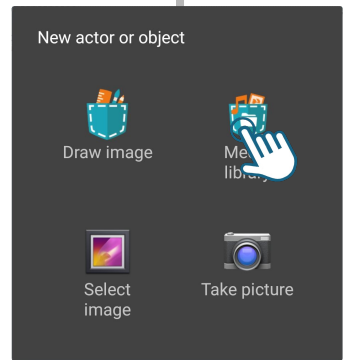
BASIC

1

Follow the clicks to create a new Embroidery-Object.



2

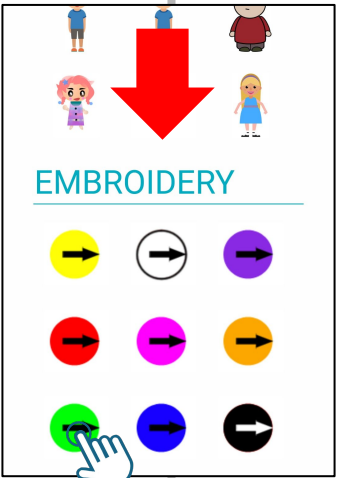


An Embroidery-Object represents one level of the **needle** of the embroidery machine.

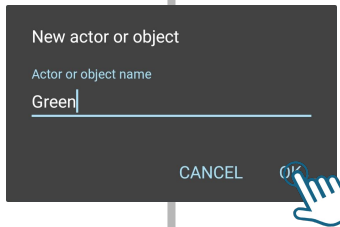
Several Embroidery-Objects will be embroidered one after another. That enables the possibility to use several colors.

3

Scroll down and search for the fitting arrow.

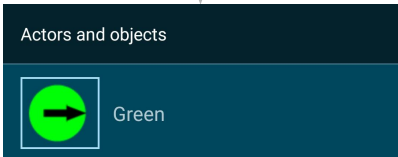


4

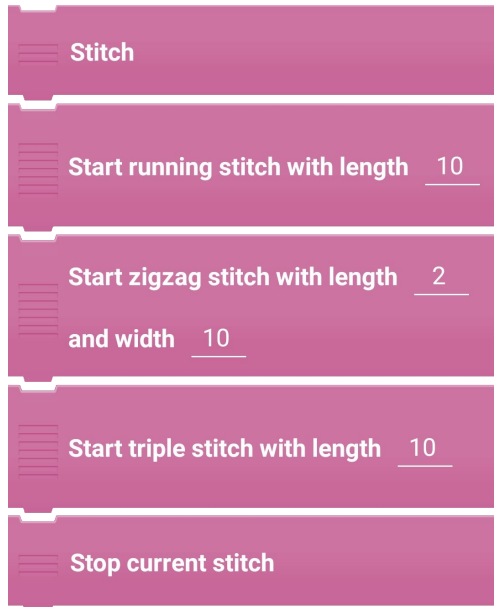


5

Done!
You will need an own object for every of your colors.



Embroidery Bricks



BASIC

1

Stitch lets the machine stitch into the fabric once.



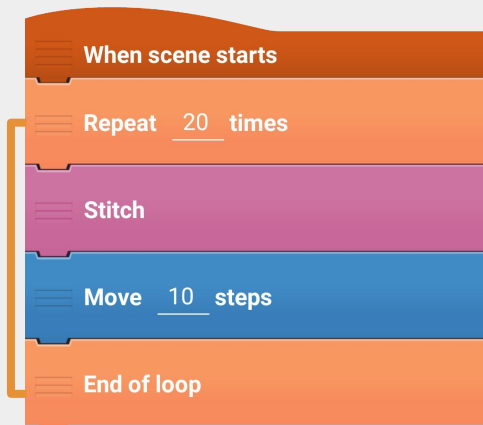
Example

Usually you combine **stitch** with a **loop** and a **move-brick**.

With this you create a seam:

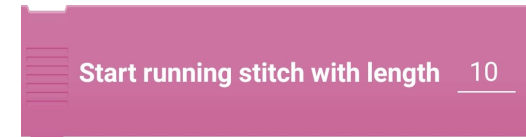


This script **stitches** the fabric and **den moves** the needle 10 steps. This will be **repeated** 10 times.



2

The running stitch lets the machine stitch constantly with a variable length.

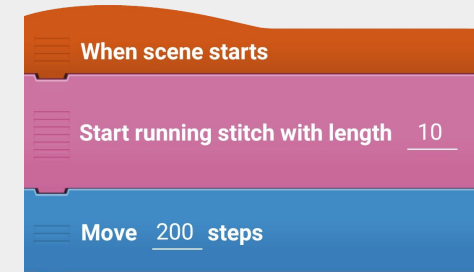


Example

The running stitch makes stitching a seam easier because you **won't** need a **loop** any more.



This script does the same as the example on the left.



The machine start a **running stitch** which will stitch every **10 steps**. Then the machine **moves 200 steps**. **10 Steps will result in a 2 mm seam. 200 steps therefore are a 4 cm seam.**

Turn over



3

The zigzag stitch lets the machine stitch constantly with a variable length and width in a “**zigzag**” pattern.

Start zigzag stitch with length 2
and width 10



Example

You can stitch **thicker seams** with the zigzag stitch.



Try different values for the length and width to get to know this brick.

When scene starts

Start zigzag stitch with length 2
and width 10

Move 200 steps

4

The triple stitch works the same as the running stitch, but it sews up the every stitch three times.

Start triple stitch with length 10



Example

The triple stitch jumps back after the first stitch, stitches, then jumps back forward again and stitches again.



This makes the seam **last longer**.

When scene starts

Start triple stitch with length 10

Move 200 steps

5

“Stop current stitch” lets the current stitch stop.

Stop current stitch



Example

You will need this brick if you want to **change the position** of the needle after starting a running, zigzag or triple stitch.

When scene starts

Start triple stitch with length 10

Move 200 steps

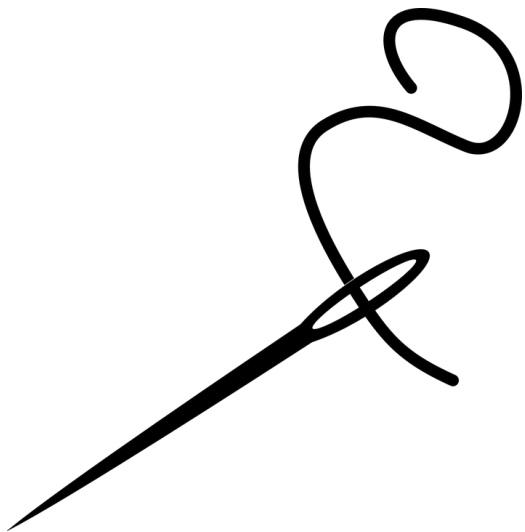
Stop current stitch

Place at

x: 100 y: 200

Otherwise an unwanted intermediate seam would occur.

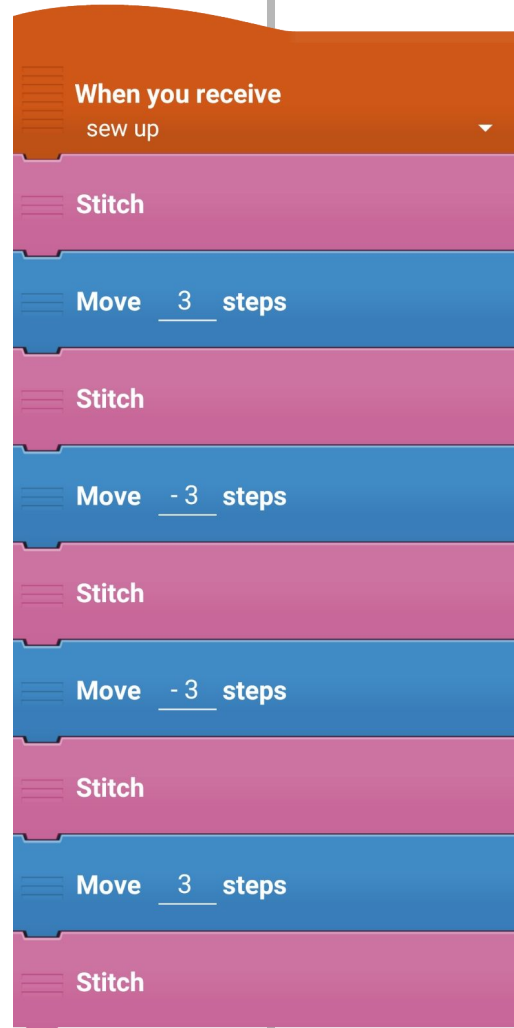
Sew Up



BASIC

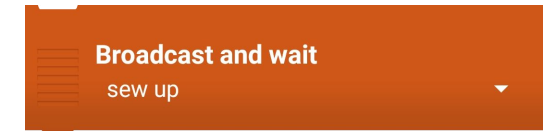
1

To sew up you will need this script.



2

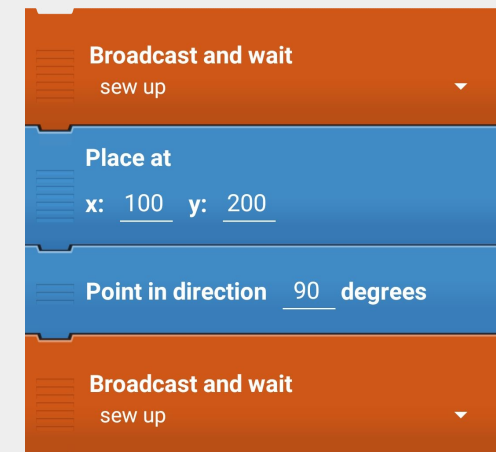
Insert this brick before and after the needle jumps to a new position.



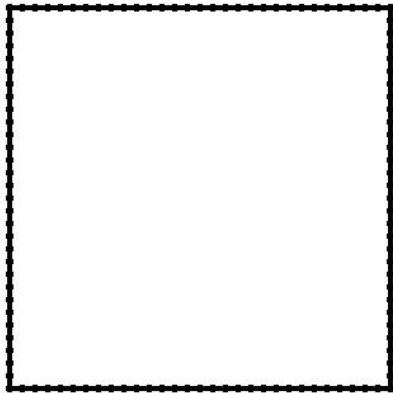
You have to sew up because otherwise the thread could become loose.

Usually you have to sew up **before** and **after** every “set position”, “change x by” or “change y by”. Before sewing up, the direction has to be set correctly.

See this example:

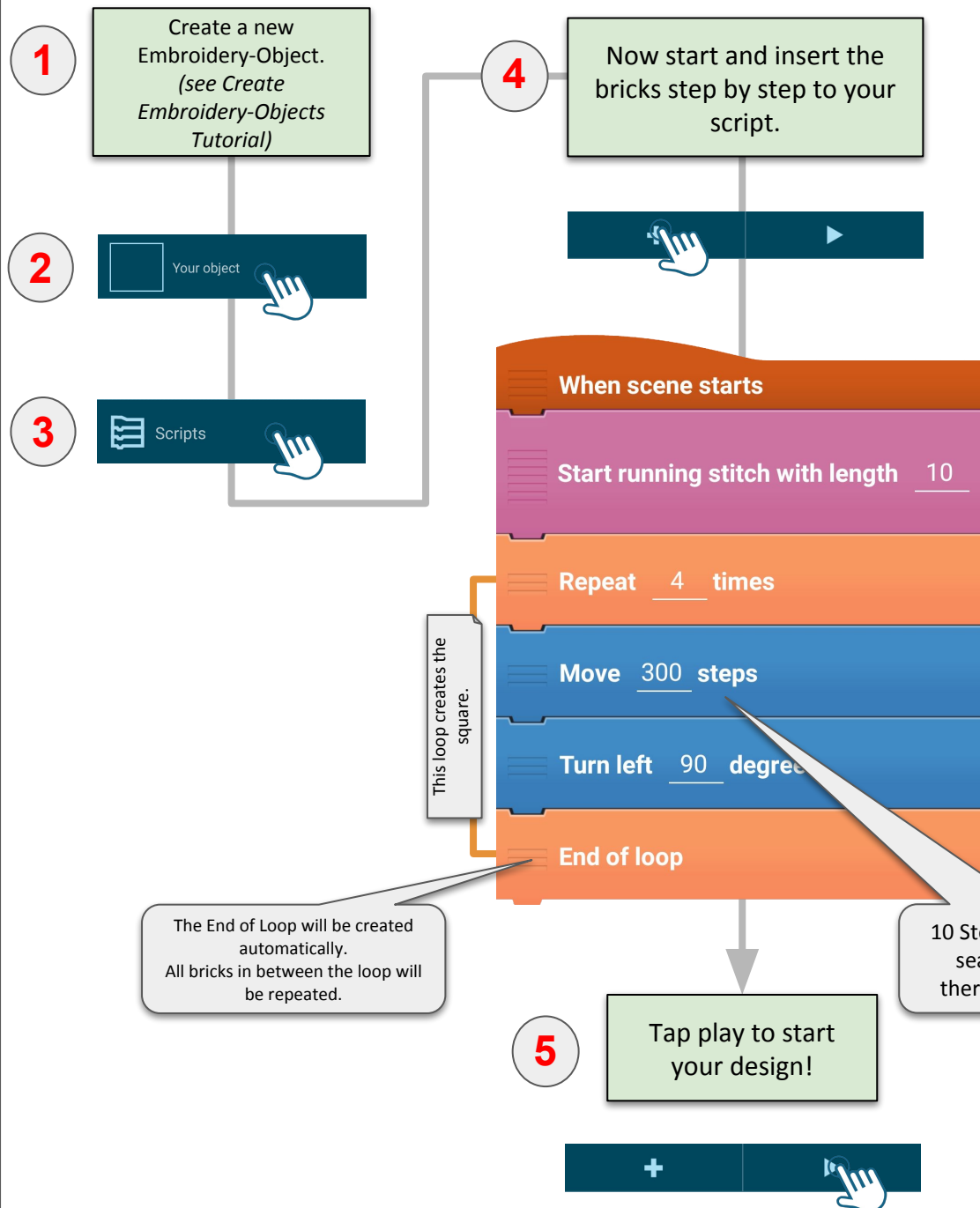


Square



60 x 60 mm

BASIC

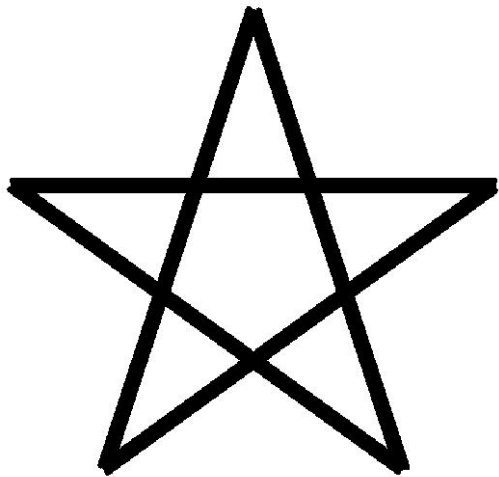


A square is built from four lines, meeting each other in a 90° angle.

At first the script runs the **running stitch**. After that it **moves** the needle 300 steps and **turns** 90°. This will be **repeated** 4 times.

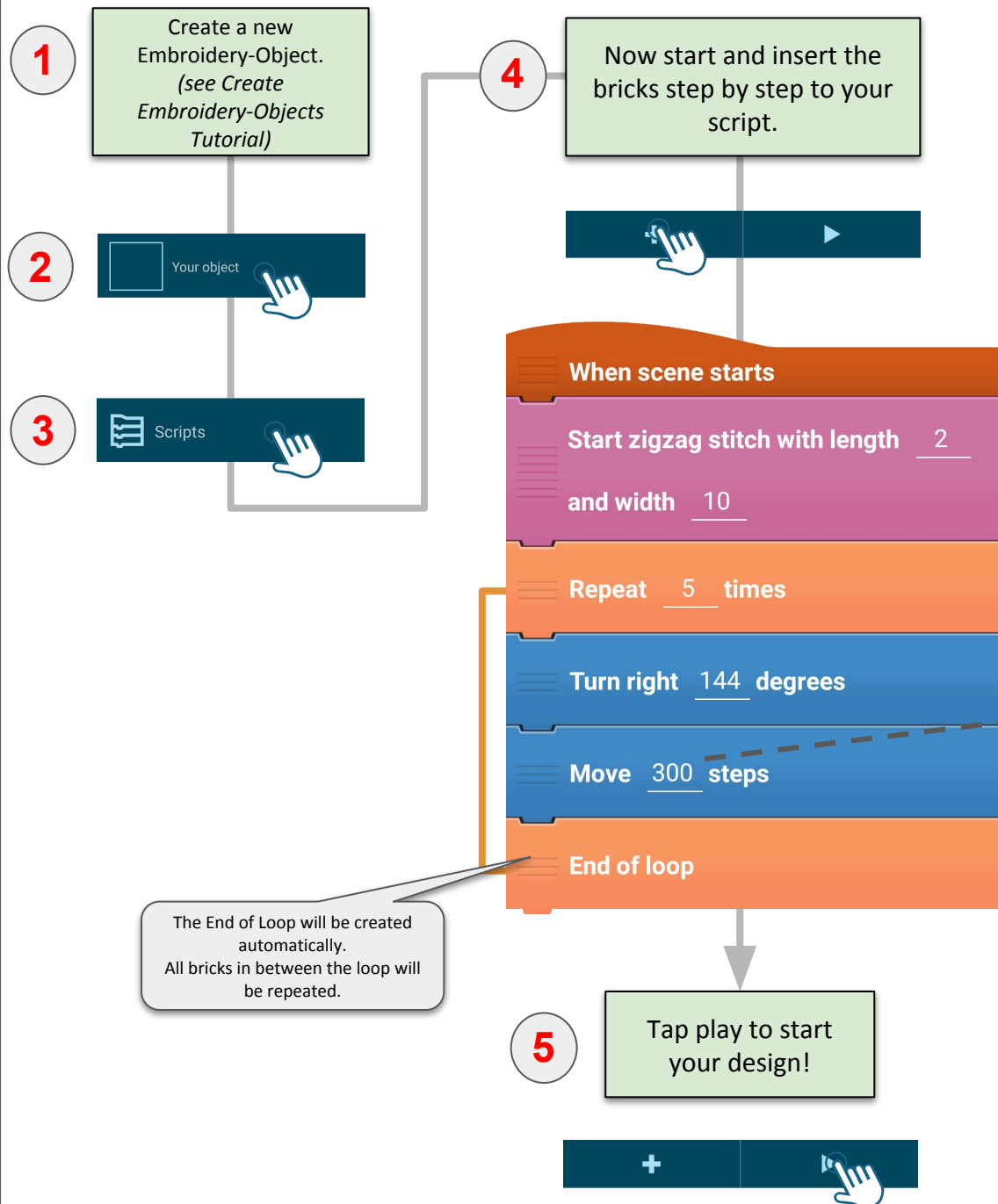
What's going to happen if you adjust the angle or the steps?
Try it!

Star zigzag



58.2 x 61.2 mm

BASIC

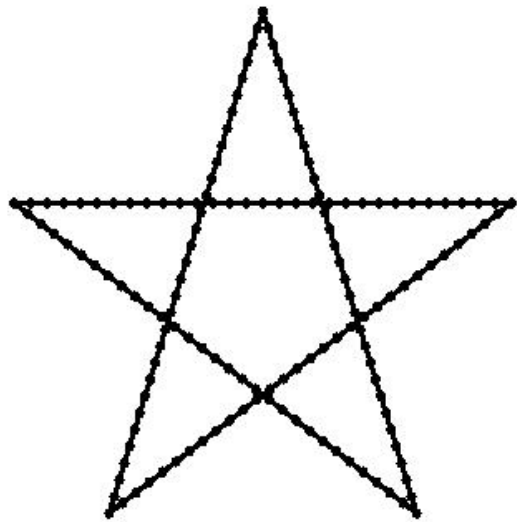


Tap this number to
change the size of the
star.

Try different values!

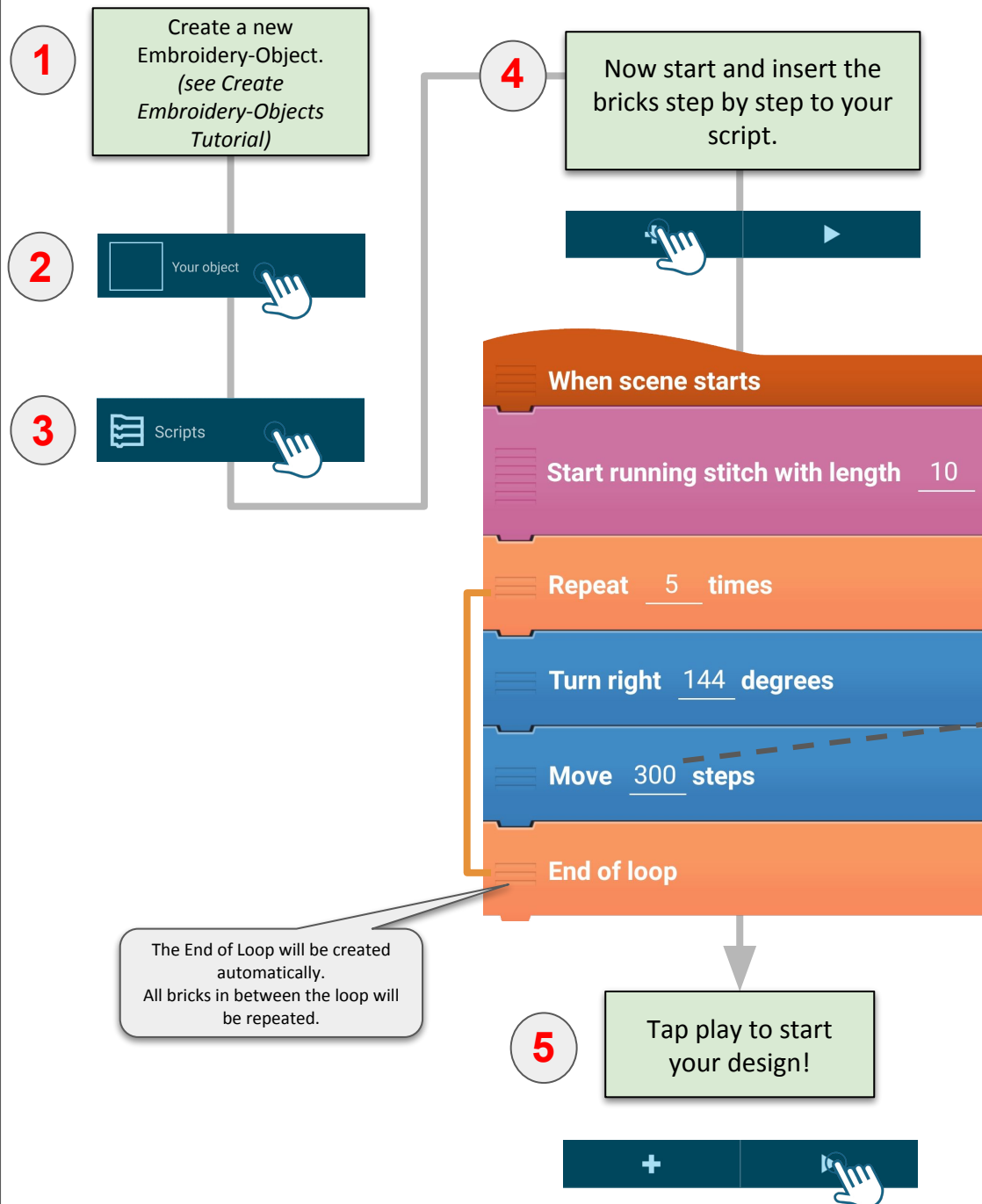
The End of Loop will be created
automatically.
All bricks in between the loop will
be repeated.

Star



57 x 60 mm

BASIC

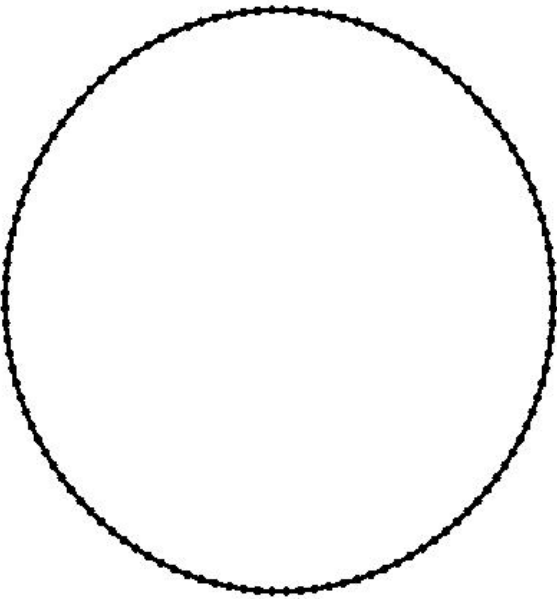


The End of Loop will be created automatically.
All bricks in between the loop will be repeated.

Tap this number to change the size of the star.

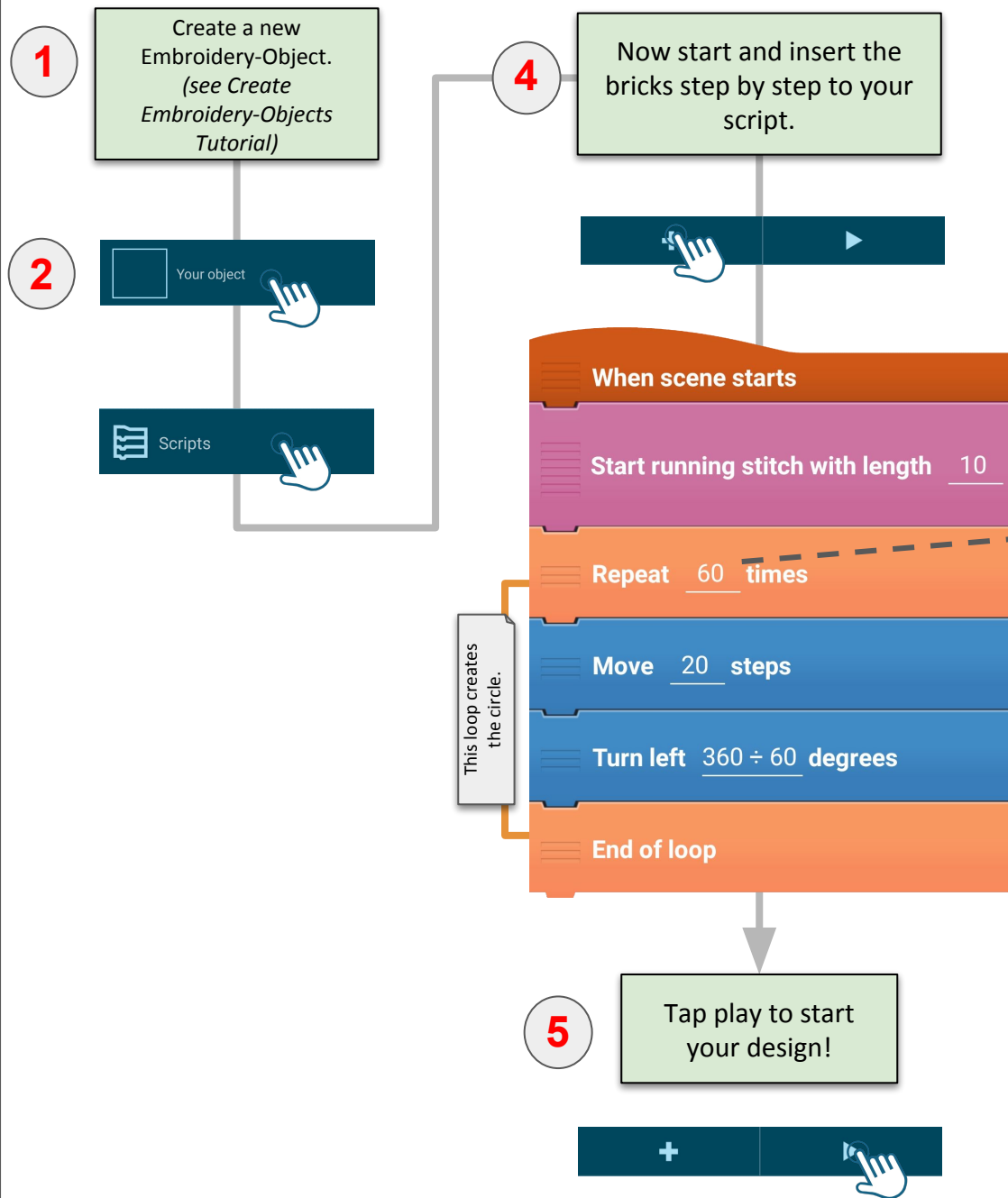
Try different values!

Circle

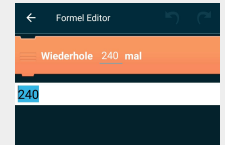


76.2 x 76.2 mm

BASIC



Tap this number to change it.



A circle has **360 degrees**. To adjust its size you have to change the **repetitions** of the loop and the **turning** angle.

Choose a number for the **repetitions**, e.g. 60 and also adjust the "**turn-brick**" by dividing 360 by this number.

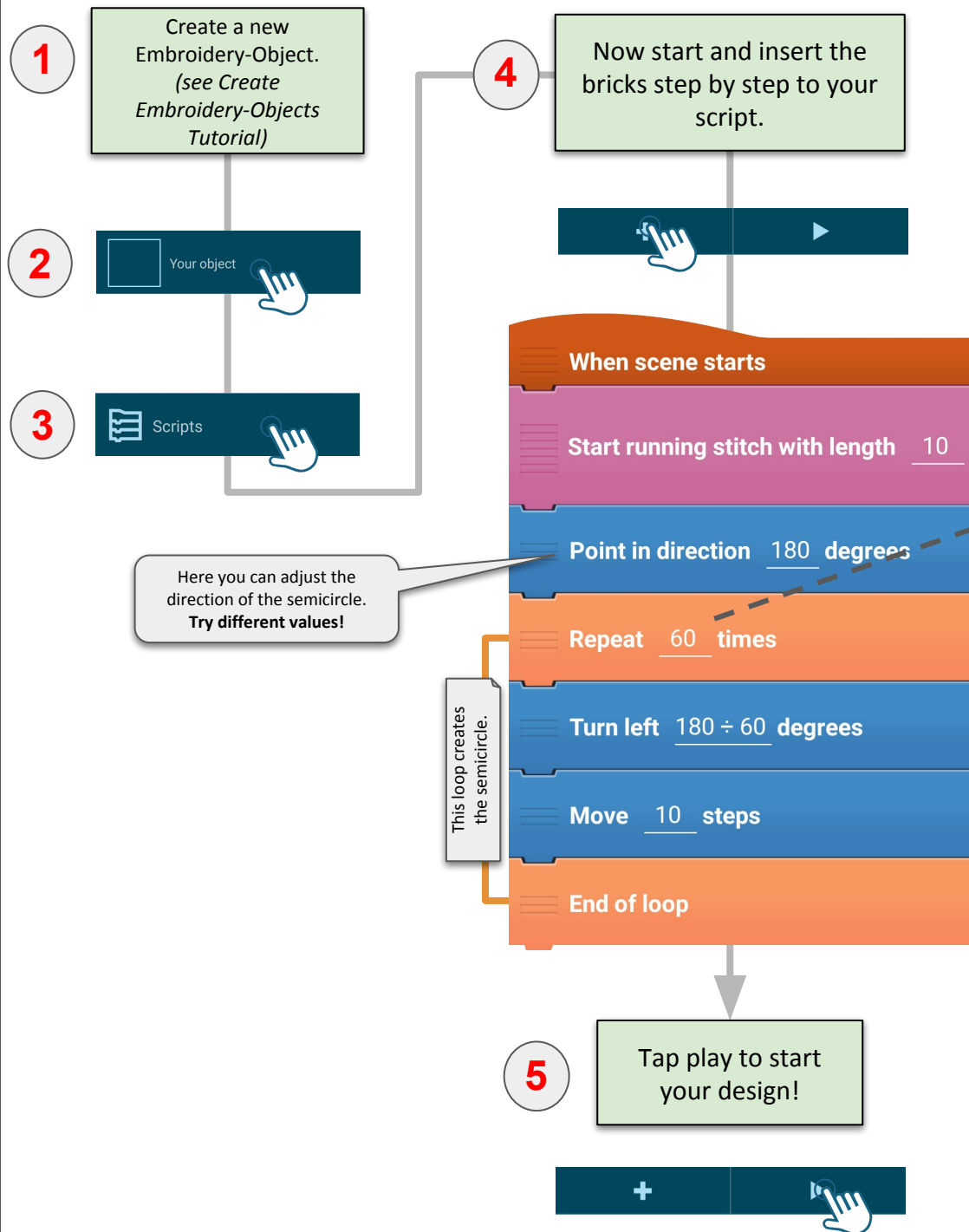
Try different combinations! But always stick to dividing 360 through your number to get a circle.

Semicircle

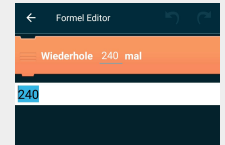


37.2 x 76.2 mm

BASIC



Tap this number to change it.

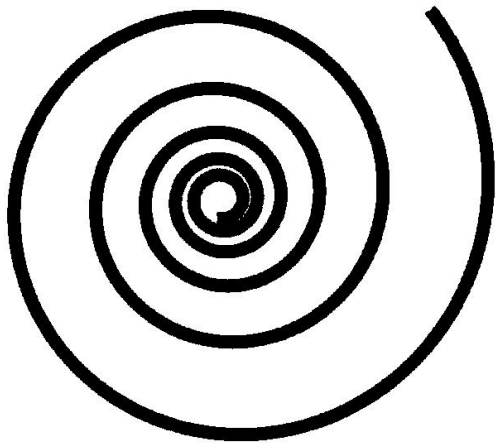


A semicircle has **180 degrees**. To adjust its size you have to change the **repetitions** of the loop and the **turning** angle.

Choose a number for the **repetitions**, e.g. 60 and also adjust the "turn-brick" by dividing 180 by this number.

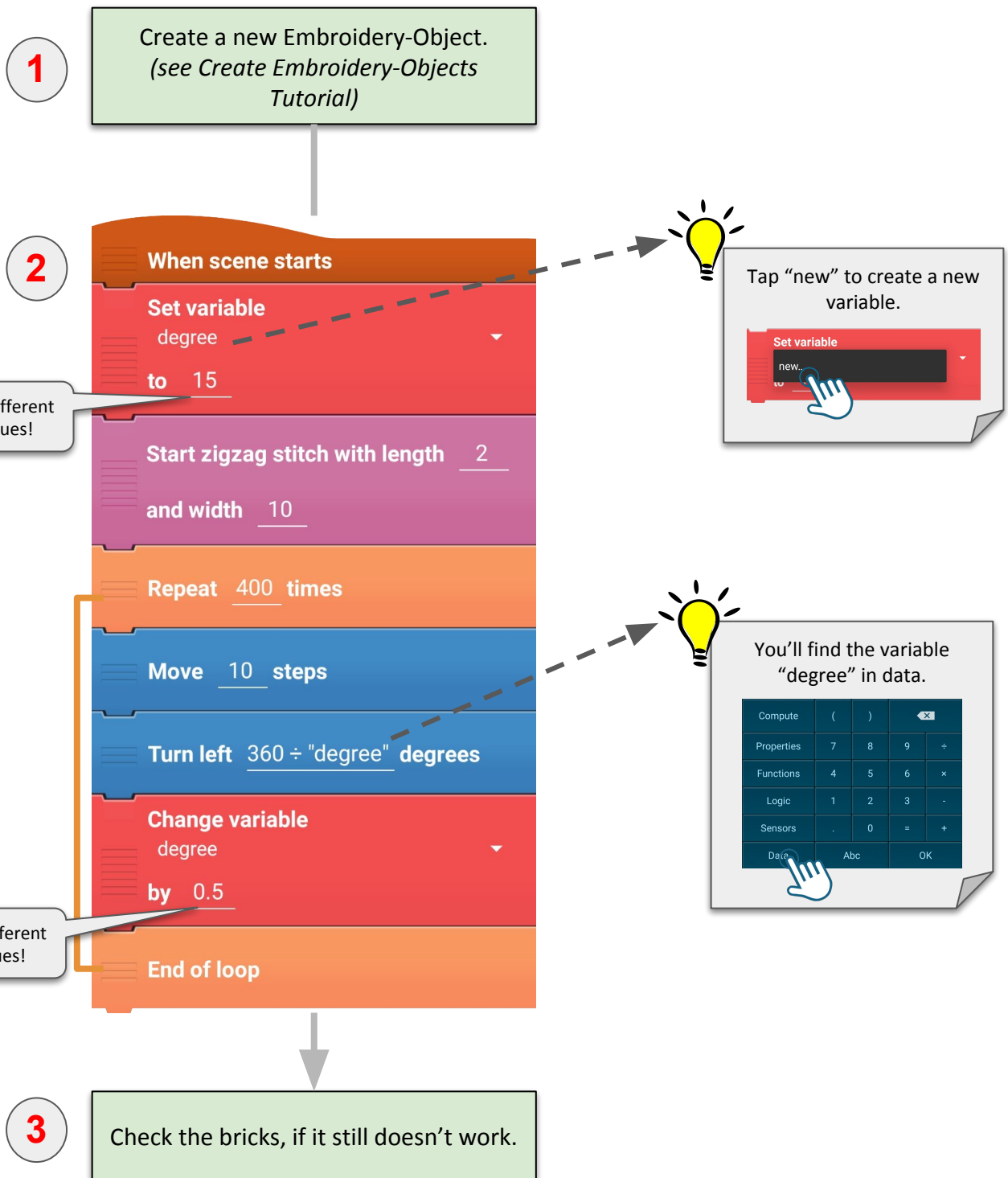
Try different combinations! But always stick to dividing 180 through your number to get a semicircle.

Spiral zigzag

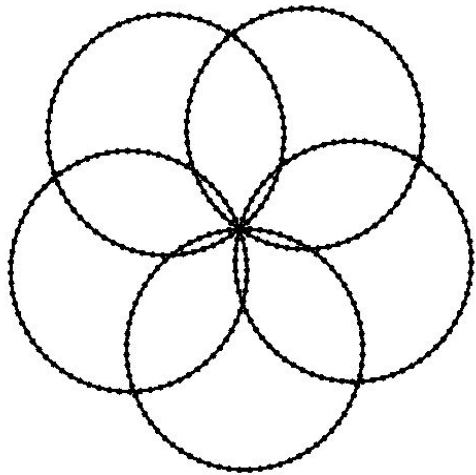


103.9 x 116.6 mm

MEDIUM



Flower

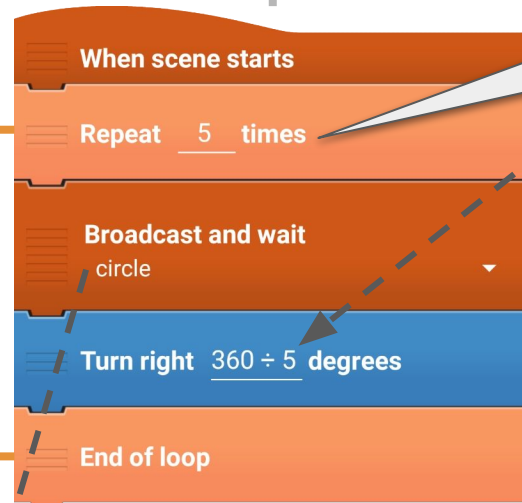


73 x 74.2 mm

1

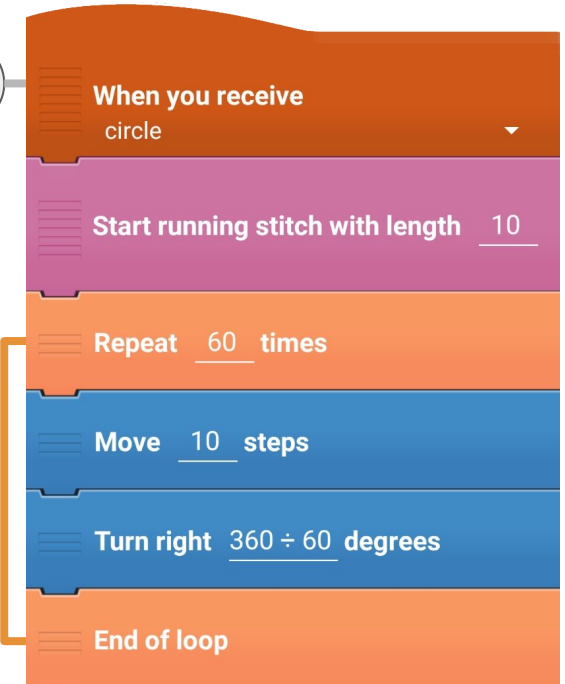
Create a new Embroidery-Object.
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects Tutorial*)

2

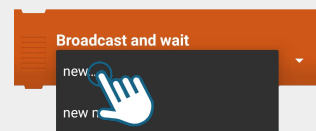


What happens if you type in a different number? Adjust it also in the below brick. Try it!

3



Tap "new" to create a new message.

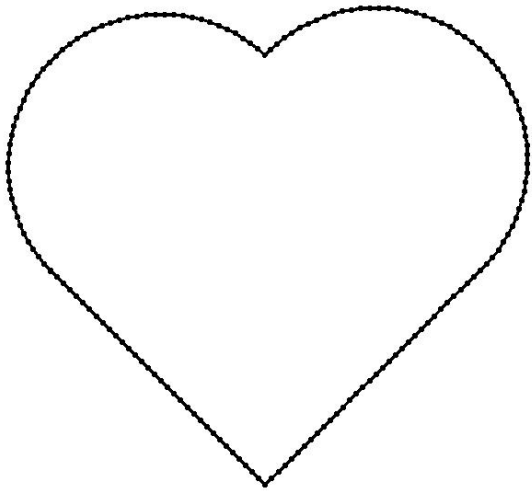


Then choose a name.

4

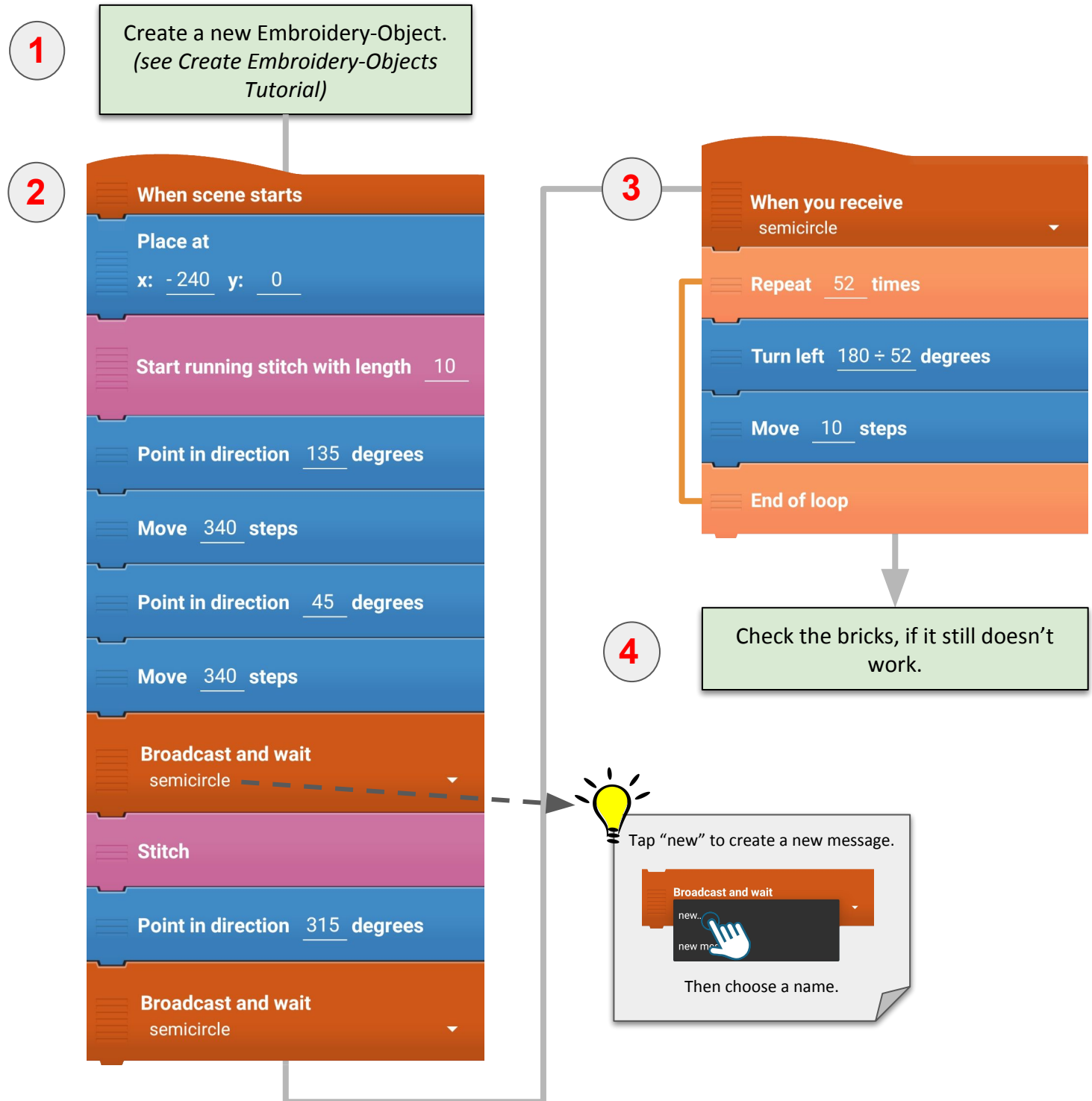
Check the bricks, if it still doesn't work.

Heart

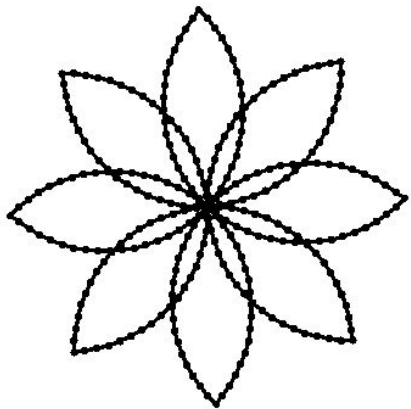


103.6 x 112.8 mm

MEDIUM



Lotus



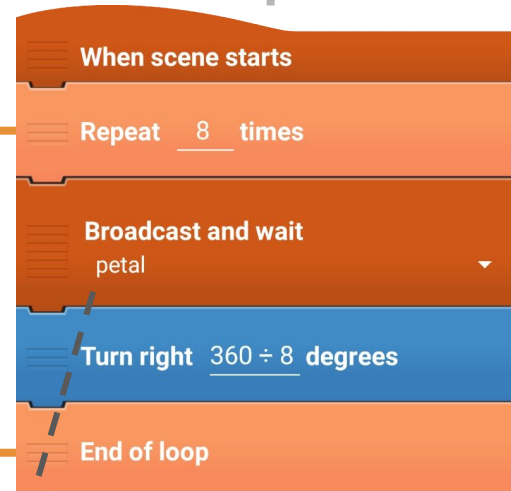
64.8 x 64.8 mm

MEDIUM

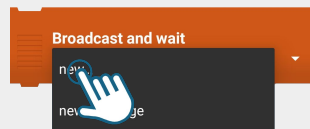
1

Create a new Embroidery-Object.
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects Tutorial*)

2

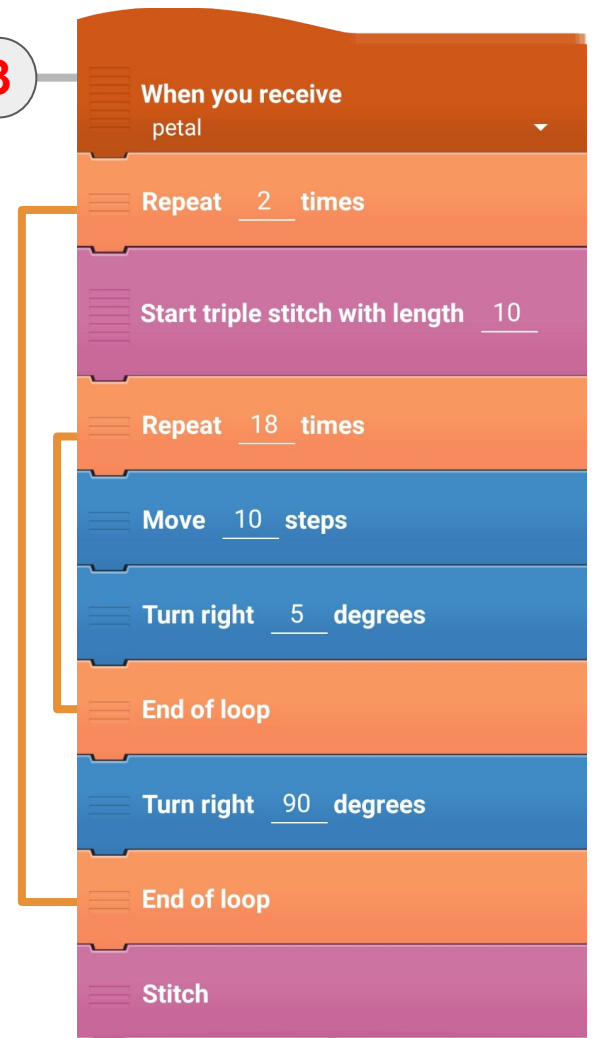


Tap "new" to create a new message.



Then choose a name.

3

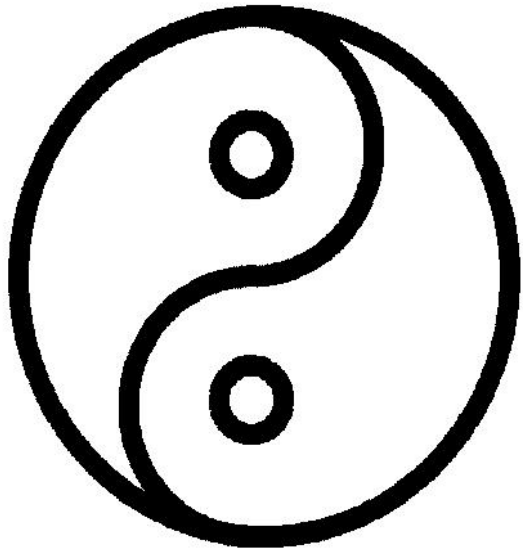


4

Check the bricks, if it still doesn't work.

Yin & Yang

zigzag

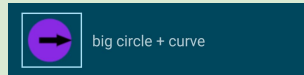


78.4 x 78.4 mm

MEDIUM

1

Create a new object:
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects Tutorial*)



When scene starts

Start zigzag stitch with length 2
and width 10

Repeat 120 times

Move 10 steps

Turn left $360 \div 120$ degrees

End of loop

Point in direction 270 degrees

Repeat 30 times

Move 10 steps

Turn right $180 \div 30$ degrees

End of loop

Repeat 30 times

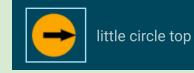
Move 10 steps

Turn left $180 \div 30$ degrees

End of loop

2

Create a second object:



When scene starts

Place at
X: 0 Y: 255

Start zigzag stitch with length 2
and width 10

Repeat 16 times

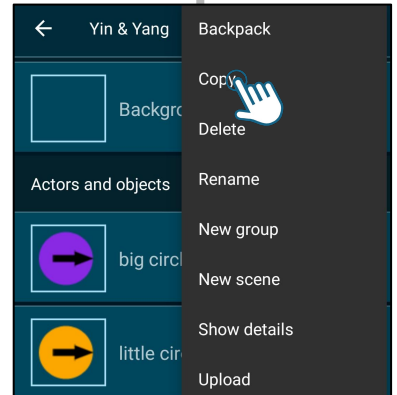
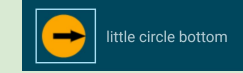
Move 10 steps

Turn left $360 \div 16$ degrees

End of loop

3

Copy the second object and
change the position:



When scene starts

Place at
X: 0 Y: 75

Start zigzag stitch with length 2
and width 10

Repeat 16 times

Move 10 steps

Turn left $360 \div 16$ degrees

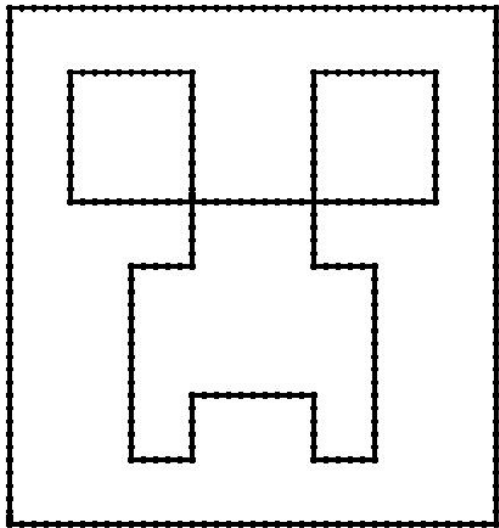
End of loop

4

Check the bricks, if it still
doesn't work.

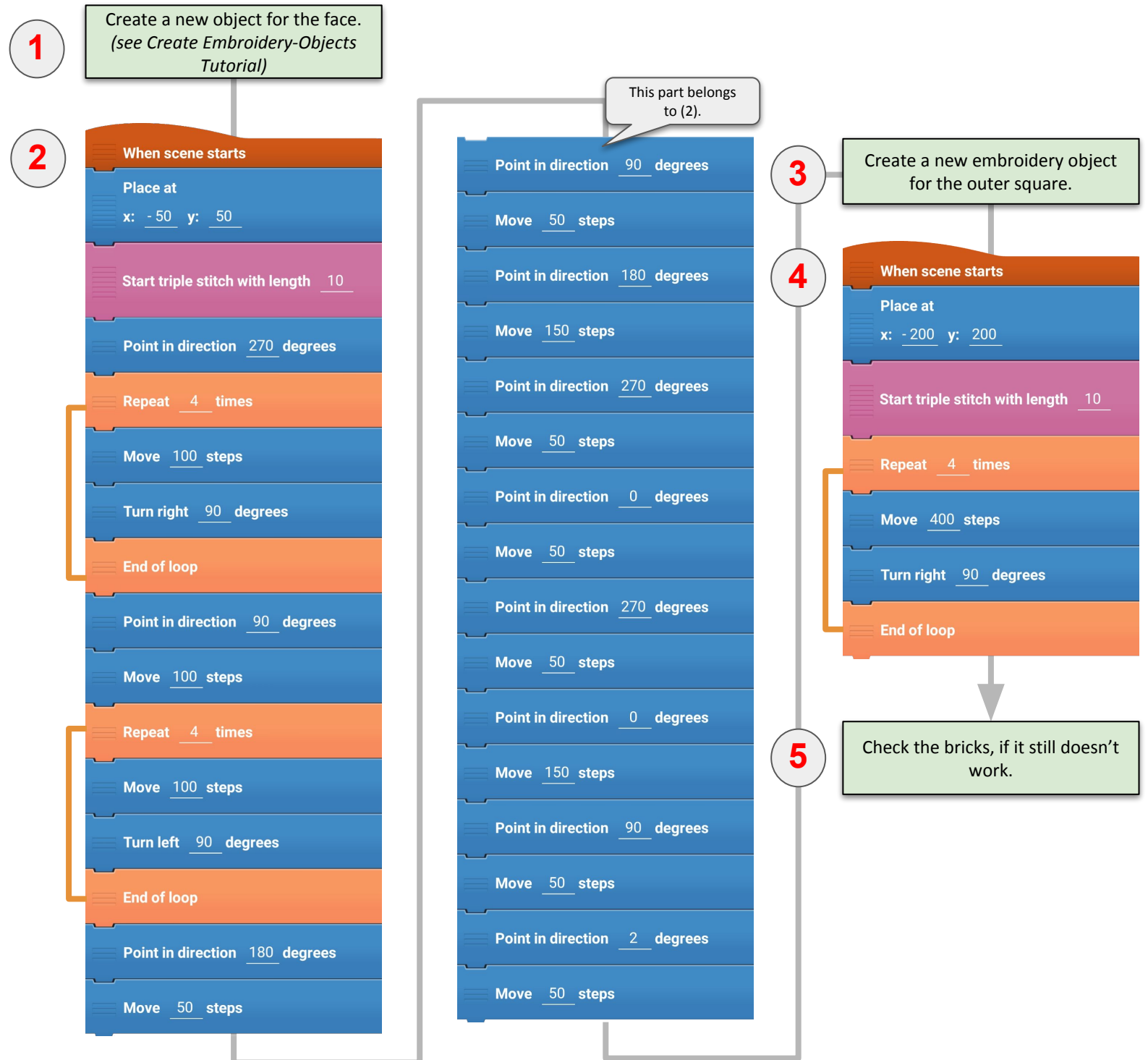
Creeper

Minecraft

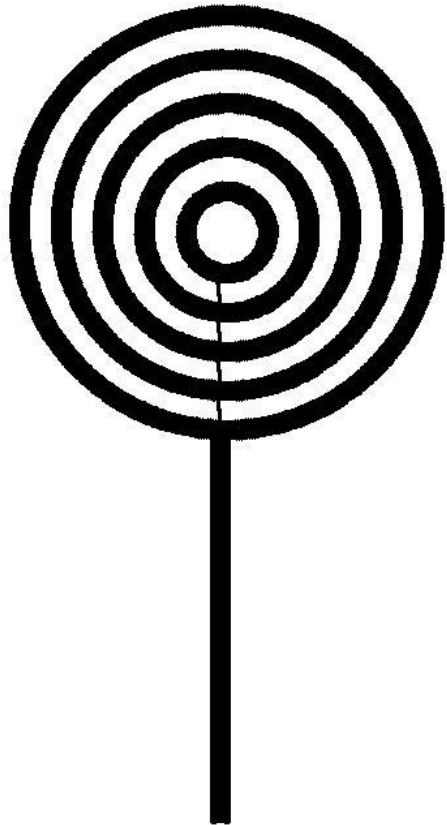


80 x 80 mm

MEDIUM



Lollipop



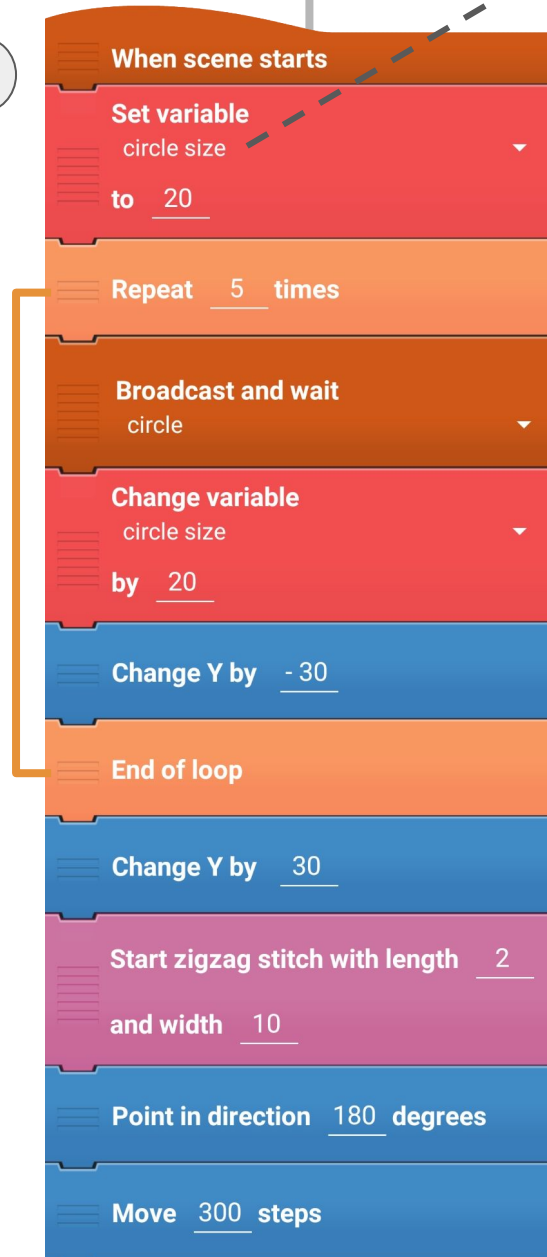
124.6 x 65.6 mm

PRO

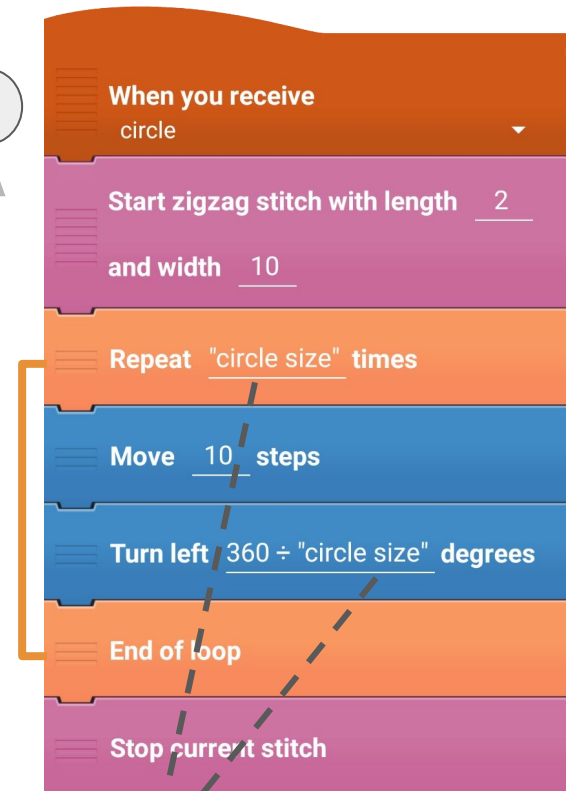
1

Create a new object:
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects Tutorial*)

2



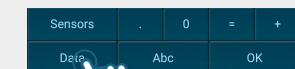
3



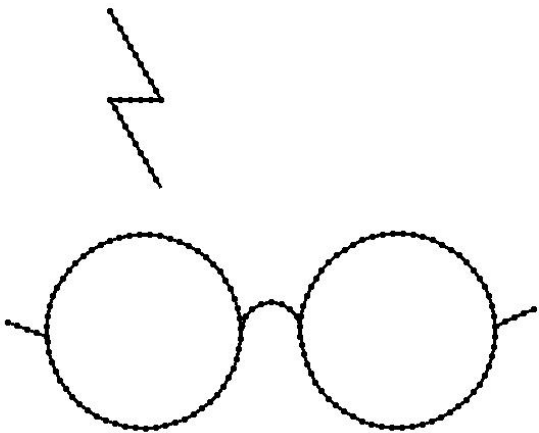
Tap "new" to create a new variable.



You'll find the variable in data.



Harry Potter



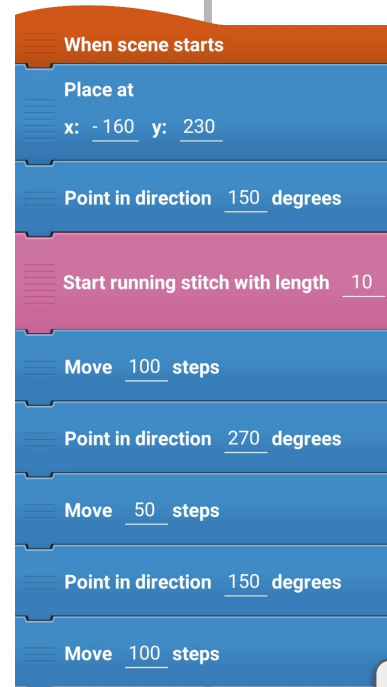
81.8 x 103 mm

PRO

1

Create a new Embroidery-Object
for the thunder.
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects
Tutorial*)

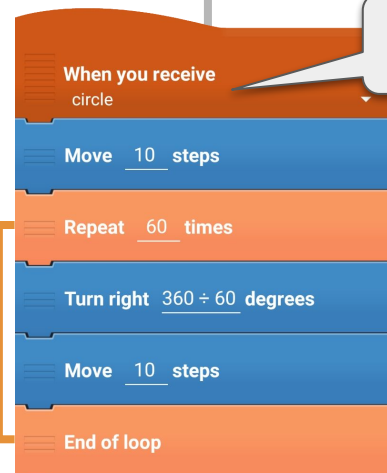
2



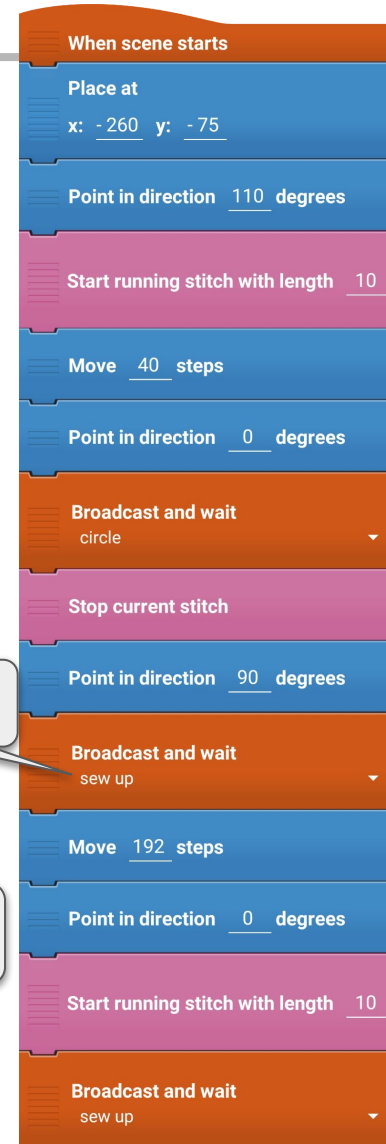
3

Create a second Embroidery-Object
for the glasses.

4



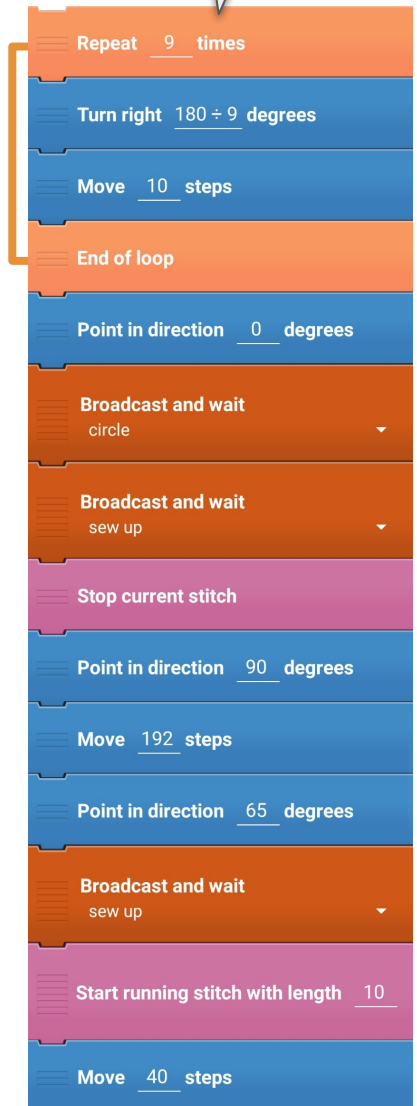
5



Check out the
“Sew up”
Tutorial.

Tap “new” to
create a new
message.

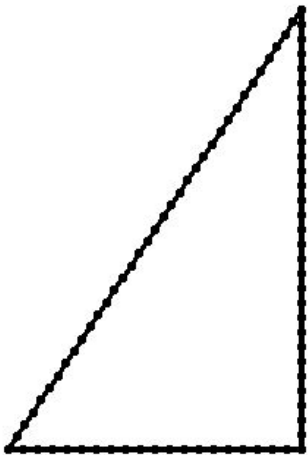
This part
belongs to (5).



6

Check the bricks, if it still
doesn't work.

Triangle

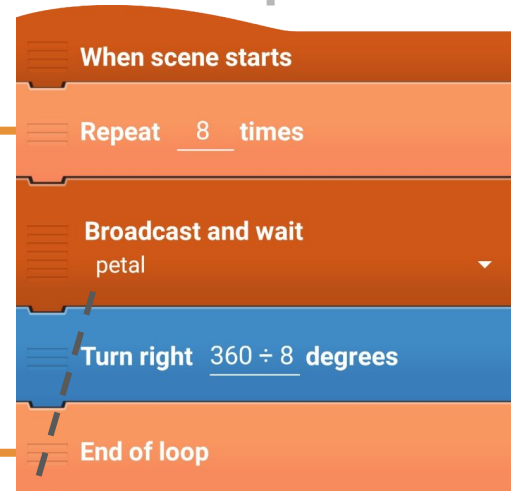


Maths

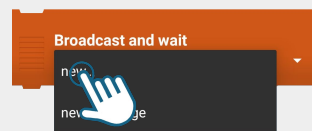
1

Create a new Embroidery-Object.
(see *Create Embroidery-Objects Tutorial*)

2

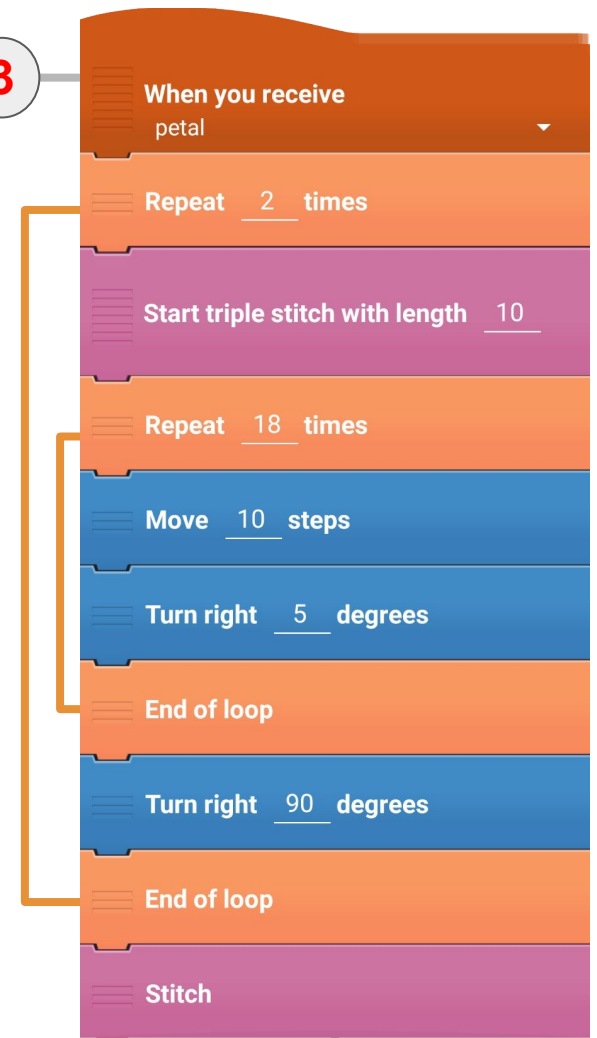


Tap "new" to create a new message.



Then choose a name.

3



4

Check the bricks, if it still doesn't work.